IAC 2/9/22

Environmental Protection[567] **Tracked Changes Version**

Ch 81, p.1

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CHAPTER 81 OPERATOR CERTIFICATION: PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY SYSTEMS AND WASTEWATER TREATMENT SYSTEMS

[Prior to 7/1/83, DEQ Ch 21]

[Prior to 12/3/86, Water, Air and Waste Management[9001]

567—81.1(455B) Definitions. In addition to the definitions in Iowa Code section 455B.211,

81.1(1) *t*The following definitions shall apply to this chapter.

"Activated sludge system" means a biological wastewater treatment process in which a mixture of wastewater and sludge floc, produced in a raw or settled wastewater by the growth of microorganisms, is agitated and aerated in the presence of a sufficient concentration of dissolved oxygen, followed by sedimentation. Examples include, but are not limited to, conventional activated sludge systems, extended aeration activated sludge systems, oxidation ditches, and sequencing batch reactors.

"Advanced aerated lagoon system" means an aerated lagoon system that has been augmented by adding other treatment processes. Examples include, but are not limited to, covered lagoon systems with enhanced aeration and mixing, the addition of fixed film processes to the lagoon process, or the utilization of algal-based treatment processes.

"Aerated lagoon system" means a lagoon system that which utilizes aeration to enhance oxygen transfer and mixing in the cell.

"Aeration" means the process of initiating contact between air and water. Examples include, but are not limited to, spraying the water in the air, bubbling air through the water, or forcing the air into the water by pressure.

"Average daily pumpage" means the total quantity of water pumped during the most recent one-year period of record divided by 365 days.

"Chlorination" means the addition of a chlorine compound or chlorine gas to water to inactivate pathogenic organisms.

"Classification" means the type of plant or distribution system: wastewater treatment plants, water treatment plants, or water distribution systems.

"Coagulation" means a process using coagulation chemicals and mixing by which colloidal and suspended materials are destabilized and agglomerated into flocs.

"Community water system (CWS)" means a public water supply system which has at least 15 service connections used by year round residents or regularly serves at least 25 year round residents.

"Continuing education unit" or "(CEU)" means ten contact hours of participation in an organized education experience approved by an accredited college, university, technical institute, or issuing agency, or by the department, and must be directly related to the subject matter of the particular certificate to which the credit is being applied.

"Directly related post-high school education" means post-high school education in chemistry, microbiology, biology, math, engineering, water, wastewater, or other curriculum pertaining to plant orand distribution system operation.

"Director" means the director of the department of natural resources or a designee.

"Direct responsible charge" or "-(DRC)" means, where shift operation is not required, accountability for and performance of active, daily on-site operation of athe plant or distribution system, or of a major segment of athe plant or distribution system. Where shift operation is required, "DRC direct responsible charge" means accountability for and performance of active, daily on-site operation of an operating shift, or a major segment of athe plant or distribution system. A city manager, superintendent of public works, city clerk, council member, business manager, or other administrative official shall not be deemed to have DRC direct responsible charge of a plant or distribution system unless that this person's duties include the active, daily on-site operation of athe plant or distribution system. On-site operation may not necessarily mean full-time attendance at athe plant or distribution system.

"Direct surface water filtration" means a water treatment system that applies surface water and groundwater under the influence (influenced groundwater (as defined in rule 567—40.2(455B)) directly to the filters after chemical treatment consisting of both coagulation and flocculation or chemical treatment consisting of coagulation. This type of system eliminates the sedimentation unit process.

"Disinfection" means a process which inactivates pathogenic organisms in water by chemical oxidants or equivalent agents.

"Electrodialysis" means the demineralization of water by the removal of ions through special membranes

Commented [1]: Classification - This definition will continue to be separate from the "classification" definition in Chapter 82.

Commented [2]: Coagulation - Matches 40.2. Moved to new lowa Code & IAC definitions in new 81.1(2).

Commented [3]: CWS - Matches 40.2. Moved to new lowa Code & IAC definitions in new 81.1(2).

Commented [4]: CEU - This definition will continue to be separate from the "CEU" definition in Chapter 82.

Commented [5]: Director - Defined in 455B.101(2). Moved to new lowa Code & IAC definitions in new 81 1(2)

Commented [6]: Disinfection - Matches 40.2. Moved to new lowa Code & IAC definitions in new 81.1(2).

under the influence of a direct-current electric field.

"Fixed film biological treatment" means a treatment process in which wastewater is passed over a media onto which are attached biological organisms capable of oxidizing the organic matter, normally followed by sedimentation. Examples include, but are not limited to, trickling filters, rotating biological contactors, packed towers and activated filters.

"Fluoridation" means the addition of fluoride to produce the optimum fluoride concentration in water.

"Grade" means one of seven operator certification levels, designated as A, W, I, IL, II, III, or IV.

"Ion exchange" means the process of using ion exchange materials such as resin or zeolites to remove undesirable ions from water and substituting acceptable ions (e.g., for example, ion exchange for nitrate removal or ion exchange for softening).

"Issuing agency" means a professional, technical/educational organization authorized by the department to provide continuing education for certification renewal or upgrade in accordance with the commitments and guidelines detailed in the written issuing agency agreement and procedures.

"Military service" means honorably serving on federal active duty, state active duty, or national guard duty, as defined in lowa Code section 29A...; in the military services of other states, as provided in 10 U.S.C. Section 101(e); or in the organized reserves of the United States, as provided in 10 U.S.C. Section 10101.

"Military service applicant" means an individual requesting credit toward certification for military education, training, or service obtained or completed in military service.

"Nontransient noncommunity water system (NTNC)" means a public water system other than a community water system which regularly serves at least 25 of the same persons four hours or more per day for four or more days per week for 26 or more weeks per year.

"Operating shift" means a specified period of time when an operator is present to conduct testing or evaluation to control operations of athe plant or distribution system, to make process control changes, and to be responsible for the repair or maintenance of a plant or distribution system. An operating shift may include on-call shifts.

"Operator-in-charge" or "OIC" means a person or persons on site in direct responsible charge offer a plant or distribution system. A city manager, superintendent of public works, city clerk, council member, business manager, or other administrative official shall not be deemed to be the OIC operator in charge of a plant or distribution system unless that this person's duties include the active, daily on-site operation of the plant or distribution system. On-site operation may not necessarily mean full-time attendance at the plant or distribution system.

"Plant" means those facilities which are identified as either a water treatment plant, defined as that portion of the water supply system which in some way alters the physical, chemical, or bacteriological quality of the water, or a wastewater treatment plant, defined as the facility or group of units used for the treatment of wastewater from public sewer systems and for the reduction and handling of solids removed from such wastes.

"Population equivalent" for a wastewater treatment plant means the calculated number of people who would contribute the same biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) per day as the system in question, assuming that each person contributes 0.167 pounds of five-day, 20°C, BOD per day.

"Post-high school education" means credit received for completion of courses given or co_sponsored by an accredited college, university, or technical institute, or issuing agency. Courses offered by regulatory agencies may also be recognized as post-high school education. One year of post-high school education is 30 semester hours, or 45 quarter hours, or 45 CEUs of credit.

"Primary treatment" means a treatment process designed to remove organic and inorganic settleable solids from wastewater by the physical process of sedimentation.

"Public water <u>supply</u> system certificate" or "PWS certificate" means a certificate issued by the department certifying that an operator has successfully completed the certification requirements of this chapter <u>for a water treatment plant or water distribution system</u>. A PWSThe certificate specifies the grades and classifications for which the certificate is valid.

"Reverse osmosis" means the process in which external pressure is applied to mineralized water against a semipermeable membrane to effectively reduce total dissolved solids (TDS) and radionuclides content as the water is forced through the membrane.

"Rural water district" means a water supply incorporated and organized as such pursuant to lowa Code chapters 357, 357A or 358

"Shift operator" means the operator on site who has responsibility for making process control changes and adjustments to the operation, repair, and maintenance of a plant or distribution system during any operating shift.

Commented [7]: Issuing agency - term is no longer used; is being changed to "industrial association".

Commented [8]: NTNC - Matches 40.2. Moved to new lowa Code & IAC definitions in new 81.1(2).

Commented [9]: "defined as..." - No need to repeat the system definitions.

Commented [10]: Population equivalent - Matches 60.2(1). Moved to new lowa Code & IAC definitions in new 81.1(2).

Duties include testing or evaluation to control operations of the plant or distribution system.

"Stabilization" means the addition of chemical compounds to water to maintain an ionic equilibrium whereby the water is not in a depository or corrosive state.

"Veteran" means an individual who meets the definition of "veteran" in Iowa Code section 35.1(2)

"Waste stabilization lagoon" means an excavation designed and constructed to receive raw or pretreated wastewater in which stabilization is accomplished by several natural self-purification processes. This definition includes both anaerobic and aerobic lagoons.

"Wastewater treatment plant" means the facility or group of units used for the treatment of wastewater from public sewer systems and for the reduction and handling of solids removed from such wastes

"Water distribution system" or "distribution system" means that portion of the water supply system in which water is conveyed from the water treatment plant or other supply point to the premises of the consumer, is defined in lown Code 455B.211, including storage facilities and pumping stations. For the purposes of this chapter, a water distribution system includes storage facilities and pumping stations and does not include individual service lines to the premises of the consumer, that which are not under the control of the system.

"Water supply system" means the system of pipes, structures, and facilities through which water for a public water supply is obtained, treated, sold or distributed for human consumption or household use.

"Water treatment plant" means that portion of the water supply system which in some way alters the physical, chemical, or microbiological quality of the water.

81.1(2) The following terms applicable to this chapter are defined in the referenced locations:

a. Iowa Code section 455B.1013 "commission," "department," and "director."
b. Iowa Code section 455B.211 "certificate," "operator," "wastewater treatment plant," "water supply " and "water treatment plant."

c. Rule 567—40.2(455B): "coagulation," "community water system" or "CWS," "disinfection," "nontransient noncommunity water system" or "NTNC," and "transient noncommunity water system" or "TNC

<u>-subrule 60.2(1)</u>: "PE" or "population equivalent."

[ARC 1911C, IAB 3/18/15, effective 4/22/15; ARC 3735C, IAB 4/11/18, effective 5/16/18; ARC 6193C, IAB 2/9/22, effective 3/16/22]

567-81.2(455B) General.

81.2(1) Plant classifications

a. Plants grade for system with multiple treatment processes. A water treatment plant or wastewater treatment plant (hereafter noted as "plant") having a combination of treatment processes that are in different classifications grades shall be assigned the highest numerical plant classification grade of that combination.

b.81.2(2) Increase in classification facility grade for complex systems. The director may increase a plant or water distribution system <u>classificationgrade</u> above that indicated in rules 567—81.3(455B) to 567—81.6(455B) for those systems that which, in the director's judgment of the director, include unusually complex treatment processes, complex distribution systems, or which present unusual operation or maintenance conditions.

81.2(23) Operator in charge certification requirement.

a. The oOperator-in-charge (OIC). An OIC shall hold a certificate of the same classification of any the plant or water distribution system under the OIC's control and of equal or higher grade than the grade designated for that plant or distribution system.

b. 81.2(4) Shift operator ertification. Any person who is responsible during for the operation of an operating shift of a plant or distribution system or for major segment of athe plant or distribution system and is under the supervision of the OIC operator in charge identified in paragraph "a" of this subrule 81.2(3) shall be certified in a grade no less than a Grade II level-for Grade III and IV plants and distribution systems and Grade I for Grade I and II plants and distribution systems.

81.2(5) Public water system certificate requirement. The operator who is designated by the owner to be the operator in charge of both the water treatment plant and the water distribution system shall hold a public water system (PWS) certificate valid for water treatment and water distribution in accordance with 81.2(3) and 81.2(6).

81.2(36) Public water supply system (PWS) certificates. A PWS certificate shall be issued to an operatoras follows.

a. An operator successfully completing the water treatment certification shall be issued a PWS certificate valid for water treatment.

b. An operator successfully completing the or-water distribution certification shall be issued a PWS certificate valid for water distribution. The PWS certificate shall specify the grade and classification for which

Commented [11]: Wastewater treatment plant -Matches 455B.211(3). Moved to new lowa Code & IAC definitions in new 81.1(2).

Commented [12]: Water supply system - Matches 455B.211(5). Moved to new Iowa Code & IAC definitions in new 81.1(2).

Commented [13]: Water treatment plant - Matches 455B.211(6). Moved to new Iowa Code & IAC definitions in new 81.1(2).

Commented [14]: New 81.2(1) - combined old 81.2(1) & (2) into one subrule.

Commented [15]: As defined, "classification" is for treatment types, and "grade" is for (operator)

Commented [16]: New 81.2(2) - combined old 81.2(3) & (4) into one subrule.

Commented [17]: Old 81.2(5) - this requirement is already stated elsewhere, it is not needed.

Commented [18]: New 81.2(3)"a" & "b" - adding text to clarify which certificate is issued for each type of certification.

the certificate is valid.

c. An operator successfully completing the requirements for both water treatment and water distribution certification shall be issued a dual PWS certificate valid for both classifications. For purposes of renewal of a dual certificate, all renewal fees and CEU requirements shall be applied as one certification. The number of CEUs required for renewal shall be determined by the highest certification grade on the operator's dual PWSpublic water system certificate.

81.2(7) PWS certificate issuance. Reseinded IAB 1/7/04, effective 2/11/04.

81.2(48) NOwner notification and reporting requirements, for a personnel change in the operator in charge.

- a. <u>AThe owner of a plant or distribution system owner shallmust</u> notify the department of a change in the OIC(s)operator(s) in charge within 30 days after the change.
- b. When requested by the department, a plant or distribution system owner shall report the method of treatment provided, the average daily pumpage, and the name(s) of the OIC(s).
- 81.2(59) Operator notification Change of address or employment. Certified operators shallmust notifyreport to the department of a change in address or employment within 30 days after the change.

81.2(10) Owner reporting requirements. All owners of plants or and distribution systems must report, when requested by the department, the method of treatment provided, the average daily pumpage, and the operator(s) in charge.

81.2(611) Compliance plan. When the director allows the owner of a plant or distribution system required to have a certified operator time to obtain an operator, the owner shallmust submit a compliance plan to the department indicating what action will be taken to obtain a certified operator. The plan shallmust be on a formForm 52, Compliance Plan 542 3120, provided by the department and shallmust be submitted within 30 days of the facility owner's receipt of a notice of violation for not having a properly certified operator.

567—81.3(455B) Wastewater treatment plant classifications and operator certification grades.

81.3(1) Wastewater c Classifications. The wastewater treatment plant classifications and grades are listed in the following table:

Wastewater Treatment Plant Classifications and Grades

wastewater freatment rant classifications and Grades						
	Certification Grade					
	Based on Design Pounds of BOD5/day					
T	less than 334	334-835	836-2,505	2,506-8,350	more than 8,350	
Treatment Type		Based on Design Population Equivalent				
	1 41 2 000	2,000-5,000	5,001-	15,001-	more than	
	less than 2,000		15,000	50,000	50,000	
Onsite Treatment System	W	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	
Waste Stabilization Lagoon System	IL	IL	IL	IL	IL	
3. Aerated Lagoon System	IL	IL	I	I	I	
4. Advanced Aerated Lagoon System	II	II	II	II	II	
5. Fixed Film Biological Treatment System	II	II	III	III	IV	
Activated Sludge System	II	III	III	IV	IV	

81.3(2) Unknown design BOD_5 loading. When the design BOD_5 loading is unknown, the plant BOD_5 loading shall be determined by using the average pounds of BOD_5 of the 24-hour composite influent samples taken in the last 12 months. If 24-hour composite influent samples are not available, then grab samples shall be used.

81.3(3) Grade IL wastewater operator requirements. A Grade I, II, III, or IV wastewater treatment certificate will satisfy the certification requirements for a Grade IL plant.

81.3(4) *Grade W onsite wastewater classification.* Any wastewater treatment plant that discharges to a water of the state and that utilizes onsite wastewater treatment technologies, such as those specified in 567—Chapter 69, but excluding waste stabilization ponds, shall be classified as an onsite treatment system (Grade W).

[ARC 6193C, IAB 2/9/22, effective 3/16/22]

567—81.4(455B) Water treatment plant classifications and operator certification grades.

81.4(1) Water treatment cClassifications. The water treatment plant classifications and grades are listed in the following table:

Commented [19]: "The PWS certificate..." - This is included in the definition of a PWS certificate; it does not need to be repeated here.

Commented [20]: New 81.2(4) - combined old 81.2(8) and (10) into one.

Commented [21]: New 81.2(4)"b" - existing text; moved from old 81.2(10).

Commented [22]: Old 81.2(10) - moved to new 81.2(4)"b".

Commented [23]: "but excluding waste..." - Strike; waste stabilization ponds are being removed from Chapter 69.

Water Treatment Plant Classifications and Grades

Treatment Type		Certification Grade*			
		Average Daily Pumpage in MGD			
	0-0.1	>0.1-0.5	>0.5-1.5	>1.5	
Iron or manganese removal; aeration; chlorination; fluoridation; stabilization; any other chemical addition; or any combination of these processes	I	II	II	III	
2. Ion exchange	II	II	III	III	
3. Direct surface water filtration	II	II	III	III	
Utilization of lime, soda ash or other chemical addition for pH adjustment in the precipitation and coagulation of iron or manganese	II	II	III	III	
Complete surface water clarification or lime softening of surface water or groundwater	III	III	III	IV	
6. Reverse osmosis and electrodialysis	II	II	III	IV	
7 Activated carbon for THM or synthetic organics removal	Ш	III	III	IV	

^{7.} Activated carbon for THM or synthetic organics removal

81.4(2) Average daily pumpage. When the average daily pumpage is unknown, the plant grade will be determined from the population <u>inof</u> the most recent census and an evaluation of commercial, industrial, and other users

567—81.5(455B) Water distribution system classifications and operator certification grades.

81.5(1) Water distribution cclassifications. The water distribution systemplant classifications and grades are listed in the following table:

Water Distribution System Classifications and Grades*

Distribution System Type		Certification Grade**				
		Average Daily Pumpage in MGD				
	0-0.1	>0.1-1.5	>1.5-5	>5		
All municipal water systems	I	II	III	IV		
CWSommunity water systems not classified as a Grade A water	I	П	III	IV		
system						
NTNC ontransient noncommunity water systems not classified as a	I	П	III	IV		
Grade A water system						
TNCransient noncommunity water systems not classified as a Grade	I	II	III	IV		
A water system						
	Miles of Pipe					
Rural water districts	0-100	>100-1,000	>1,000-2,500	>2,500		
	II	II	III	IV		

^{*}Note: A <u>PWSpublic water system</u> with a well, storage, and a distribution system shall be classified as a water distribution system if no treatment is provided.

81.5(2) Average daily pumpage. When the average daily pumpage is unknown, the system grade will be determined <u>using from the population of</u> the most recent census <u>population</u> and an evaluation of commercial, industrial, <u>orand</u> other users.

— 81.5(3) IR certificate holders. Reseinded IAB 1/7/04, effective 2/11/04. [ARC 6193C, IAB 2/9/22, effective 3/16/22]

567 81.6(455B) 81.5(3) Grade A water distribution system classification.

81.6(1)a. Grade A water system classification. A PWS that provides either no treatment other than hypochlorination or treatment that does not require any chemical addition, process adjustment, backwashing, or media regeneration by an operator shall be classified a Grade A water distribution system, based on the following service populations:

(1)a. Community water system. A CWScommunity water system, other than a municipal or rural water system, scrving which serves a population of 250 persons or less, and provides no treatment other than hypochlorination or treatment which does not require any chemical addition, process adjustment, backwashing or media regeneration by an operator shall be classified as a Grade A water system.

(2)b. Nontransient noncommunity water system. An NTNC-nontransient noncommunity water system serving which serves a population of 500 persons or less, and provides no treatment other than hypochlorination or treatment which does not require any chemical addition, process adjustment, backwashing or media regeneration by an operator shall be classified as a Grade A water system.

(3)e. Transient noncommunity water system. A TNC transient noncommunity water system serving which

Commented [24]: New 81.5 - combines old rules 81.5 (water distribution system grades) & 81.6 (Grade A classifications).

Commented [25]: New 81.5(3) - was old 81.6. Since old rules 81.5 and 81.6 are both about water distribution system classifications, they have been combined into one rule.

Commented [26]: New 81.6(1). "A PWS that..." - new text replaces identical duplicated text in 81.6(1)"a", "b", 8."c"

Commented [27]: "and provides no..." - Replaced by new text in heading of 81.6(1).

Commented [28]: "and provides no..." - Replaced by new text in heading of 81.6(1).

^{*}For Grade A PWSwater supply classification, see subrule 81.56(34).

^{**}For Grade A water distribution system classification, see subrule 81.56(3+).

serves a population of 500 or fewer persons or less, and provides no treatment other than hypochlorination or treatment which does not require any chemical addition, process adjustment, backwashing or media regeneration by an operator shall be classified as a Grade A water system.

81.6(2)b. Grade A cCertification requirements for Grade A water systems. Any grade of water treatment or distribution certification will satisfy the certification requirements for a Grade A water distribution system with or without hypochlorination. Any grade of water distribution certification will satisfy the certification requirements for a Grade A water system without hypochlorination.

[ARC 3735C, IAB 411/18, effective 5/16/18]

567—81.67(455B) Certified o Operator education and experience qualifications.

81.76(1) Education and experience qualifications requirements general.

- <u>a.</u> All <u>certified operator</u> applicants shall meet the education and <u>operating_experience_qualifications</u> for the <u>certificate_grade_of_certificate_grade_</u>
- b. Operating eExperience shall be in the same classification for which the applicant is applying except that unless partial credit is may be given in accordance with subrules 81.76(2) and 81.76(3).
- c. Directly related post-high school education shall be in the same subject matter as the classification infor which the applicant is applying. The director will determine which courses qualify as "directly related" in cases that which are not clearly defined.
- d. A military service applicant may apply for education or experience credit for verified military education, training, or service toward any education or experience requirement for certification, pursuant to subrule 81.76(4)
 - e. Education and experience qualifications table.

Certified O perator Education and Experience Qualifications

Grade	Education	Substitution for Operating Experience		Substitution for	
Graue	Education	Education	Operating Experience	Operating Experience	
A	High school diploma or GED	None	Completion of a n IDNR department approved training course	None	
W	High school diploma or GED	None	Completion of an IDNR_department_approved training course	None	
I	High school diploma or GED	None	l year	See 81. <u>6</u> 7(3)"b"(1), (3) to (5)	
IL	High school diploma or GED	None	l year	See 81. <u>6</u> 7(3) "b"(1),	
II	High school diploma or GED	None	3 years	See 81. <u>6</u> 7(3)"b"(2) to (5)	
III	High school diploma or GED and 2 years of post-high school education (1 year must be directly related)	See 81. <u>6</u> 7(3)"a" (1), (3)	4 years of experience in a Grade I or higher	See 81. <u>6</u> 7(3) "b"(2), (3)	
IV	High school diploma or GED and 4 years of post-high school education (2 years must be directly related)	See 81. <u>6</u> 7(3)"a" (2), (3)	4 years of experience including 2 years of DRC in a Grade III or higher	See 81. <u>67(3) "b"(2), (3)</u> and 81.7(3) "c"	

- **81.67(2)** Related work experience <u>substitutions for operating experience</u>. The following substitutions of related work experience for operating experience requirements may be accepted by the director.
- a. <u>PLaboratory personnel</u>. The following personnel may be allowed 50 percent credit for work experience toward meeting the operating experience requirements as noted:
- (1) Laboratory personnel employed in water or wastewater treatment plants; may be allowed 50 percent credit for work experience toward meeting the operating experience requirements for Grades I and II certification only. Laboratory experience must be in the same classification for which the applicant is applying.
- (2)b. Oversight personnel. Personnel with experience in on-site operation review and evaluation of plants and distribution systems; may be allowed 50 percent credit for on site work experience toward meeting the operating experience requirements for Grades I and II certification only. On-site experience must be in the same classification for which the applicant is applying.
 - (3)e. Maintenance personnel. Maintenance personnel employed in water or wastewater treatment plants.

Commented [29]: "and provides no..." - Replaced by new text in heading of 81.6(1).

Commented [30]: "operating experience..." - "Operating" and "work" experience have been clearly separated.

Commented [31]: "for verified military..." - Redundant; restates 81.6(4).

Commented [32]: New 81.6(2)"a", "The following..." - Existing requirement; new text replaces identical duplicated text in old 81.7(2)"a", "b", & "c".

may be allowed 50 percent credit for work experience toward meeting the operating experience requirements for Grades I and II certification only. Maintenance experience may be applied to either to the water or to the wastewater experience requirements.

- #b. Certified operators. The following types of certified operators may be allowed 50 percent credit for work experience toward meeting the operating experience requirements as noted:
- (1) Certified water treatment operators; may be allowed 50 percent credit for work experience toward meeting the operating experience requirements for Grades I and II wastewater treatment certification only, or Grades I and II water distribution certification only.
- (2) Certified wastewater treatment operators, may be allowed 50 percent credit for work experience toward meeting the operating experience requirements for Grades I and II water treatment certification only.
- (3) Certified water treatment operators may be allowed 50 percent credit for work experience toward meeting the operating experience requirements for Grades I and II water distribution certification only.
- (34) Certified water distribution operators: may be allowed 50 percent credit for work experience toward meeting the operating experience requirements for Grades I and II water treatment certification only.
- ge. Limitation. The portion of related work experience that is substituted for operating experience cannot also be used to substitute for education.
- **81.67(3)** <u>Operating e-Experience and education substitutions</u>. The following substitutions for experience or education substitutions may be accepted by the director.
 - a. Substitution of operating experience for education.
- (1) One year of operating experience in a Grade II or higher position-may be substituted for one year of post-high school education, for Grade III certification up to one-half of the post-high school education requirement, as follows:-
 - 1. Experience in a Grade II or higher position may substitute as education for a Grade III certification, or
- (2) One year of operating 2. Eexperience in a Grade III or higher position may be substituted as for one year of post high school education for Grade IV certification up to one half of the post high school education requirement.
- (23) Two years of <u>DRCdirect responsible charge</u> experience in a Grade III or higher position may be substituted for one year of directly related post-high school education for Grade IV certification up to three-fourths of the post-high school education requirement.
- (34) That portion of <u>operating</u> experience <u>that which</u> is applied toward substitution for education cannot also be used for experience.
 - b. Substitutions of education for operating experience.
- (1) Two semester hours, or three quarter hours, or three CEUs of directly related post-high school education may be substituted for one-half the <u>operating</u> experience requirement for Grades I and IL.
- (2) Thirty semester hours, or 45 quarter hours, or 45 CEUs of <u>directly related</u> post-high school education may be substituted for one year of experience up to a maximum of one-half the <u>operating</u> experience requirement for Grades II, III and IV.
- (3) That portion of education that which is applied toward substitution for operating experience cannot also be used for education.
- (4) Class hours involving closely supervised on-the-job type training in a pilot or full-scale facility where there are clearly defined educational objectives may be applied to the on-the-job operating experience requirement. The substitution value of such training shall be applicable formly toward obtaining a Grade I and Grade II certification only and shall not exceed one-half year of on-the-job experience.
 - 1. One hour of on-the-job training is equivalent to three hours of on-the-job operating experience.
 - 2. One month of on-the-job training consists of 20 eight-hour days.
- 3. Credit for on-the-job training may be applied only to the examination for the type of <u>plant or</u> system in which the experience was obtained.
- 4.(5) That portion of on-the-job training courses that which is applied toward substitution for the on-the-job experience requirement cannot also be used for education.
- c. Substitution of education for <u>DRCdirect responsible charge operating experience</u>. Thirty semester hours, or 45 quarter hours, or 45 CEUs of directly related post-high school education may be substituted for one year of <u>DRCdirect responsible charge operating</u> experience up to one-half the requirement for Grade IV certification.
 - 81.67(4) Military education, training, orand service credit.
 - a. AnThe applicant who is serving or has served in the military shall identify the experience or education

Commented [33]: New 81.6(2)"b", "The following..." - Existing requirement; new text replaces identical duplicated text in old 81.7(2)"d"(1), (2) & (3).

Commented [34]: "or Grades I..." - Moved from old (3) (see below).

Commented [35]: Old 81.7(2)"d"(3) - Combined with new 81.6(2)"b"(1) above.

Commented [36]: New 81.6(3)"a"(1)1. - text is restatement of existing requirement in old 81.7(3)"a"(1).

Commented [37]: New 81.6(3)"a"(1)2. - existing requirement; struck redundant text.

or experience certification qualification requirements for which the credit is requested.

b. As part of anthe examination application pursuant to subrule 81.89(1), anthe applicant shall provide documents, military transcripts, a certified affidavit, or forms that verify completion of the relevant military education, training, or service, which may include, aswhen applicable, the applicant's Certificate of Release or Discharge from Active Duty (DD Form 214) or Verification of Military Experience and Training (VMET) (DD Form 2586).

[ARC 1911C, IAB 3/18/15, effective 4/22/15; ARC 3735C, IAB 4/11/18, effective 5/16/18; ARC 6193C, IAB 2/9/22, effective 3/16/22]

567—81.78(455B) Certification and examination fees.

81.78(1) Examination fee. The examination fee for each examination: shall be \$30.

81.8(2) Oral examination fee. Rescinded IAB 4/11/18, effective 5/16/18.

81.8(3) Reciprocity application fee. The reciprocity application fee for each type of classification shall be \$30.

81.78(24) Certification fees.

<u>a. The e Certification fee shall be \$20</u> for each one-half year of a two-year period from the date of issuance to June 30 of odd-numbered years.: \$20.

b. Late certification penalty fee: \$18.

81.8(5) Renewal fee. The c. Certification renewal fee: shall be \$60.

81.8(6) Penalty fee. The certification and renewal penalty fee shall be \$18.

d. Late certification renewal penalty fee: \$18.

81.8(7) Duplicate certificate fee. The duplicate certificate fee shall be \$20.

81.8(8) Temporary certificate fee. The temporary certificate fee shall be \$60.

81.78(39) Fee adjustments. The department may adjust the fees annually by up to plus or minus 20 percent to cover costs of administering and enforcing these rules and reimbursement for other expenses relating to operator certification. The environmental protection—commission must approve any fee increases above those listed in this rule81.8(1) through 81.8(8). All fees collected shall be retained by the department for administration of the operator certification program.

[ARC 3735C, IAB 4/11/18, effective 5/16/18]

567—81.89(455B) Operator certification e Examinations.

81.89(1) Examination application.

a. All persons wishing to take the examination required to become a certified operator of a wastewater or water treatment plant or a water distribution system shall complete anthe examination application on a form provided by the department. Operator Certification Examination Application, Form CFN 542-3118/CPG 63997. A listing of dates and locations of examinations is available from the department upon request. The application form requires the applicant to indicate educational background, training, and past experience in water or wastewater operation.

b. The All-completed examination applications shall be accompanied by the examination fee, and examination fee shall be sent to Iowa Department of Natural Resources, Water Supply Section, 502 East Ninth Street, Des Moines, Iowa 50319 0034. The completed application and examination fee must be received by the department at least 30 days prior to the date of examination.

81.89(2) Application evaluation. The director shall designate department personnel to evaluate all applications for examination, certification, and renewal of certification and upgrading of certification. After evaluating an evaluation of the application, the department will notifyissue the applicant either a letter of examination eligibility or a letter of examination non-eligibility that includes a description of the education or experience requirements that have not been met. The director will further review applications when it is indicated that the applicant has falsified information or when questions arise concerning an applicant's qualifications or eligibility for examination or certification.

81.89(3) Application expiration. An approved properly completed examination application for examination shall be valid for one year from the approval date-the application is approved by the department. An applicant may request only one class and grade of examination with each application. A new application shall be required with each different classification or grade of examination desired by the applicant.

81.89(4) Refund of Eexamination fee <u>refund</u>. An applicant who does not qualify for examination at the time of application will have the examination fee refunded, if the applicant cannot qualify for examination within one year. If <u>anther</u> applicant will qualify for a scheduled examination within one year, the applicant will be notified when the examination may be taken and the fee will not be refunded.

Commented [38]: "education or experience..." - Now matches the table name in 81.6(1).

Commented [39]: Old 81.8(3) - Same as the other application fee; no need to list the fee twice.

Commented [40]: Old 81.8(7) - No longer needed; operators can print their own duplicate certificates.

Commented [41]: Old 81.8(8) - We no longer have a temporary status so there is no need for a fee.

Commented [42]: New 81.8(1)"b" - "All examination..." - This matches the language about certification applications in 81.9(2).

Commented [43]: "The completed application..." - Obsolete due to electronic exam application and exam delivery.

Commented [44]: "An applicant may..." - the online application process has made this text unnecessary.

81.89(5) Reexamination.

a. Upon failure of the first examination, anthe applicant may apply for reexamination. Upon failure of the second examination, the applicant shall be required to wait a period of at least 30 days between each subsequent

b. 81.9(6) Reexamination fee. Upon each reexamination when a valid application is on file, anthe applicant shall submit the examination fee to the department at least ten days prior to the date of examination.

81.89(67) Application invalidation. Failure to successfully complete the examination within one year from the application approval date of approval of the application-shall invalidate the application.

81.9(8) Retention of completed examinations. Reseinded IAB 1/7/04, effective 2/11/04.

81.9(9) Oral examination. Rescinded IAB 4/11/18, effective 5/16/18.

81.89(710) Reasonable accommodation. Upon an applicant's request for certification by an applicant, the director will consider on an individual basis reasonable accommodation to allow administration of the examination without discrimination on the basis of disability. AnThe applicant shall request anthe accommodation 30 days prior to the date of the examination date. An The applicant shall must provide documentation of eligibility for anthe accommodation with the examination application form. Documentation shall be submitted with the completed examination application.

[ARC 1911C, IAB 3/18/15, effective 4/22/15; ARC 3735C, IAB 4/11/18, effective 5/16/18]

567—81.910(455B) Coperator certification by examination.

81.910(1) Examination requirement. All applicants not certified by reciprocity pursuant toaddressed for certification in 81.944(34) shall successfully complete and pass an operator certification examination prior to receiving certification.

81.910(2) Certification <u>application time line.</u>

a. In order to receive a certificate, an applicant who passes an examination shall submit the certification fee to Application for certification must be received by the department within 630 days of the date the applicant receives notification from the department of passing successful completion of the examination. Payment may either be digitally submitted in accordance with the instructions on the department's website at www.iowadnr.gov, mailed, or hand delivered. All certification fee payments that are mailed or hand delivered <u>shall be submitted with the applicant's notification of passing the examination. All applications for certification</u> shall be made on a form provided by the department and shall be accompanied by the certification fee.

b.81.10(3) Late certification application. Any certification payment digitally submitted, postmarked, or hand delivered to the department Applications for certification by examination which are received more than 30 days but less than 60 days after the date the applicant received notification of passingsuccessful completion of the examination shall be accompanied by the certification fee and the <u>late certification</u> penalty fee.

c. An applicants who does not submit the certification fee apply for certification within 60 days' notice of passingsuccessful completion of the examination will not be certified on the basis of that examination.

567 81.11(455B) 81.9(3) Certification by reciprocity.

a. 81.11(1) Other states' mandatory certification programs. For a Applicants who have been certified under other states' mandatory certification programs, the equivalency of which has been previously reviewed and accepted by the department, shall be certifiedeation in an appropriate classification and grade, without examination, will be recommended. The applicant must have passed successfully completed an examination generally equivalent to the Iowa examination and must meet the education and experience qualifications established in this chapter by the director.

b. \$1.11(2) Other states' voluntary certification programs. For applicants who have been certified under voluntary certification programs in other states, certification in an appropriate class will be considered. The applicant must have passed successfully completed an examination generally equivalent to the Iowa examination and must meet the education and experience qualifications established in this chapterby the director. The director may require the applicant to passsuccessfully complete the Iowa examination.

c.81.11(3) Reciprocity application.

(1)a. All applicants. Applicants who seeking reciprocal Iowa certification pursuant to subrule 81.11(1) or 81.11(2) shall submit an Operator Certification R reciprocity a Application form provided by the department and the certification fee. accompanied by a letter requesting certification pursuant to these subrules. Application for certification pursuant to 81.11(1) and 81.11(2) shall be received by the director in accordance with these subrules The applicant shall be certified at the appropriate grade pursuant to $\frac{\text{subrule }81.67(1)}{\text{c}}$.

(2)b. Veteran applicants. An applicant who is a veteran shall submit an Operator Certification R reciprocity

Commented [45]: "on an individual basis" -Redundant; captured in the later sentences.

Commented [46]: "prior to the examination date" -Revised as there's no longer a set exam date.

Commented [47]: New 81.9 Operator certification combines old 81.10, 81.11, 81.12, 81.13, and 81.15.

Commented [48]: New 81.9(2) - combines old 81.10(2) and 81.10(3) (now 81.9(2)"a" and "b", respectively).

Commented [49]: "Payment may be..." - clarifies fee

Commented [50]: "All certification fee..." - added to clarify requirements in cases of non-digital fee

Commented [51]: Old 81.11 is now new 81.9(3), and 81.11(1), (2), (3), and (4) are new 81.9(3)"a", "b", "c", and "d", respectively.

Commented [52]: "accompanied by a..." - updates to this paragraph (new 81.9(3)"c") have made this text

aApplication form provided by the department and the certification fee, pursuant to paragraph 81.11(3)"a" and shall also provide such documentation as is needed to verify their the applicant's status as a veteran as defined inunder Iowa Code section 35.1(2). The veteran's application shall be given priority and shall be expedited.

d.81.11(4) Lapse of c-Certification obtained through reciprocity. An applicant who obtains certification in Iowa through reciprocity and subsequently allows their Iowa certification to lapse will be required to reapply for certification in accordance with paragraph 567—81.910(5455B) "e." [ARC 1911C, IAB 3/18/15, effective 4/22/15]

567 81.12(455B) 81.9(4) Restricted certification. Upon written request by an certified operator, the director may determine that the further education requirements qualifications can be waived prior to an examination when a plant or distribution system classification area is has been increased and the operator has been in DRC direct responsible charge of the existing plant or distribution system. An operator passing successfully completing the an examination will be restricted to that plant or distribution system until the education qualificationsrequirements are met.

[ARC 3735C, IAB 4/11/18, effective 5/16/18]

567 81.13(455B)81.9(5) Certification renewal.

a.81.13(1) Renewal period. All certificates shall expire on June 30 of odd-numbered years and shallmust be renewed every two years in order to maintain certification.

b. Continuing education requirements for renewal. The CEU credits detailed in rule 567— 81.10(455B,272C) shall be obtained prior to any certificate renewal.

c.81.13(2) Application for rRenewal application and fee.

(1) Certification renewal applications shall be made available to An application for renewal will be mailed to currently certified operators on the department's website at www.iowadnr.gov prior to the certificate expiration date of their certificates. Application for renewal must be made in accordance with this rule and the instructions on the form in order to renew the certificate for the next two years.

(2) All renewal Aapplications for renewal of a certificate without penalty must be received by the director or shall be digitally submitted, postmarked, or hand delivered to the department prior to certificate the expiration of the certificate, and shall be accompanied by the certification renewal fee.

d. 81.13(3)-Late renewal application. Any certification renewal application digitally submitted, postmarked, or hand delivered to the department after certificate expiration A late application for renewal of a certificate may be made provided that the application is received by the director or postmarked within 60 days of the expiration of the certificate on forms provided by the department. Such late application shall be accompanied by the penalty fee and the certification renewal fee and the late certification renewal penalty fee.

e. 81.13(4) Failure to renew. If a certified operator certificate holder fails to renew within 60 days following certificate expiration of the certificate, the right to renew the certificate is automatically terminated. Certification may be allowed at any time following such termination, provided that the applicant meets all education and experience eligibility requirements of pursuant to 567—81.67(455B), and successfully passes completes an examination, and. The applicant must then apply for submits the certification fee in accordance with 567— 81.<u>940(2455B)</u>.

f. 81.13(5) Expired certificate. An operator may not continue as the OICoperator in charge of a plant, distribution system, operating shift, or major segment of athe plant or distribution system after certificate expiration of a certificate unless the certificate is renewed.

81.9(6) Certificate upgrade. An operator holding an unexpired certificate may upgrade the certificate by examination to a higher grade in the same classification in accordance with this rule and 567—81.6(455B) and 567—81.8(455B). The expiration date of the upgraded certificate shall be the same as the unexpired certificate. An operator who upgrades a certificate during a biennium must also renew the upgraded certificate in accordance with 81.9(5) to maintain certification.

567—81.104(455B,272C) Continuing education.

81.104(1) Continuing education unit (CEU) general requirements.

a. Only those operators fulfilling the CEU requirements before the end of each two-year period (March 31) will be allowed to renew their certificate(s). All certificates of operators who did not fulfill the CEU requirements as of April 1 of the second year shall expire on June 30 of each odd-numbered year.

b. CEUsContinuing education must be earned during two-year periods between April 1 and March 31 of odd-numbered years.

c. A Grade III or IV certified operator must earn two CEUsunits or 20 contact hours per certificate during each two-year period.

Commented [53]: Old 81.12 is now new 81.9(4).

Commented [54]: Old 81.13 is now new 81.9(5), and 81.13(1), (2), (3), (4), and (5) are new 81.9(3)"a", "c", "d", "e", and "f", respectively. Text has been clarified.

Commented [55]: New 81.9(5)"b" - new text clarifies the existing requirement to obtain CEUs.

Commented [56]: "Application for renewal..." -Redundant.

Commented [57]: New 81.9(5)"d" - was 81.13(3). Revised to clarify existing requirements.

Commented [58]: New 81.9(6), Certificate upgrade -Existing text; moved from old 81.15, Upgrading of

Commented [59]: New 81.10(1)"a", "only those..." -Existing text; moved from old 81.14(2).

d. All other certified operators must earn one <u>CEU</u> unit or 10 contact hours per certificate during each two-year period. Newly certified operators (previously uncertified) who become certified after April 1 of a two year period will not be required to earn CEUs until the next two year period. If an operator upgrades a certificate after April 1 of a two year period and that upgrade increases the CEU requirement, the operator will not be required to meet the higher CEU requirement until the next two year period. but must fulfill the lower CEU requirement for that period.

<u>e.</u> For those certified operators holding both a water treatment and a water distribution certification, no less than 25 percent of the required CEUs may be earned in any one area.

81.14(2) Certificate renewal. Only those operators fulfilling the continuing education requirements before the end of each two year period (March 31) will be allowed to renew their certificate(s). The certificate(s) of operators not fulfilling the continuing education requirements shall expire on June 30 of each odd numbered year.

81.104(23) CEU approval. All activities for which <u>CEUeontinuing education</u> credit will be granted must be approved by an accredited college, university, technical institute, or issuing agency, or by the department, and must be directly related to the subject matter of the particular certificate to which the credit is being applied. Any entity holding courses in Iowa for which <u>CEUeontinuing education</u> credit is offered for <u>water treatment</u>, water <u>distribution</u>, or <u>wastewater</u> operator certification must provide, at no cost to the department, the opportunity for one staff member to audit the training and receive all training materials.

81.104(34) Exceptions CEU extensions. The following exceptions apply to the requirements of this rule.

a. The director may, in individual cases involving hardship or extenuating circumstances, allow a certified operator grant an extension of up to three additional months within which the certified operator may to fulfill the minimum CEU continuing education requirements. Hardship or extenuating circumstances include documented health-related confinement or other circumstances beyond the certified operator's control of the certified operator which that prevent attendance at the required activities. All extension requests for extensions must be made prior to March 31 of each biennium.

b. Newly certified operators (previously uncertified) who become certified after April 1 of the second year of a two-year period will not be required to earn CEUs until the next two-year period.

c. If an operator upgrades a certificate after April 1 of the second year of a two-year period and that upgrade increases the CEU requirement, the operator will not be required to meet the higher CEU requirement until the next two-year period, but must fulfill the lower CEU requirement for that period.

81.104(45) CEU reporting. It is the certified operator's personal responsibility to maintain a written record and to notify the department of the <u>CEUscontinuing education credit</u> carned during <u>each renewal</u>the period <u>and to report the. The continuing education credits earned during the period to the department by following the instructions on the department's website at www.iowadnr.gov.-shall be listed on the application for renewal.</u>

567 81.15(455B) Upgrading of certificates. A person holding an unexpired certificate may upgrade the certificate by examination to a higher grade in the same classification in accordance with 567 81.7(455B), 567 81.9(455B) and 567 81.10(455B). The expiration date of the upgraded certificate shall be the same as the unexpired certificate. A person who upgrades a certificate during the biennium must also renew the upgraded certificate in accordance with 567 81.13(455B) and 567 81.14(455B,272C) to maintain the person's certification.

567—81.116(455B) Operator by affidavit.

81.1_6(1) Affidavit allowance. The owner of a plant or distribution system that is required to have a Grade A, I, IL, or II certified operator may sign an affidavit with a certified operator of the required classification and grade.

81.116(2) Affidavit requirements.

<u>a. ThisAn</u> affidavit will verify that the certified operator is the <u>OICoperator in charge</u> and has direct responsibility for a plant or distribution system that does not have first rights on the services of that operator.

b. The department shall provide an affidavit form that which shall be provided by the director and shall requires the certified operator's name and signature of the certified operator, the operator's certification number, classification and grade, and the date of last renewal of the operator's certificate. The affidavit form shall be proof that the certified operator has agreed to be directly responsible for the operation and maintenance of the plant or distribution system.

Commented [60]: Old 81.14(1), "Newly certified..." - Moved to new 81.10(3)"b" & "c".

Commented [61]: Old 81.14(2), Certificate renewal - Moved text to new 81.10(1)"a".

Commented [62]: New 81.10(3)"b" & "c" - Existing text; moved from old 81.14(1).

Commented [63]: Old 81.15, Upgrading of certificates - moved to new 81.10(6), Certificate upgrade.

Commented [64]: "The director may..." - Moved to "c" below so that the affidavit approval requirements are in one place.

- <u>c.</u> Four duly notarized copies of t<u>T</u>he affidavit must be returned to and approved by the <u>local regional field</u> office of the department director, based upon the ability of the certified operator to properly operate and maintain additional facilities. <u>Upon affidavit approval</u>, the department may specify additional operational and maintenance requirements based on the complexity and size of the plant or distribution system.
- <u>d.</u> In <u>the</u> event of <u>affidavit</u> disapproval, the owner of the plant or distribution system <u>owner</u> must terminate the agreement with the certified operator and seek the services of another certified operator.
- <u>e.</u> Both the <u>owner of the plant or distribution system <u>owner</u> and the certified operator shall notify the director at least 30 days before the termination of <u>an affidavit</u>the <u>agreement</u>.</u>

567—81.127(455B,272C) Disciplinary actions.

- **81.127(1)** Reasons for disciplinary action. Disciplinary action may be taken against a certified operator on any of the grounds specified in Iowa Code section 455B.219 and chapter 272C and the following more specific grounds.
- a. Failure to use reasonable care or judgment or to apply knowledge or ability in performing the duties of a certified operator.
- (1) Wastewater operator duties. Examples of a-wastewater operator's duties are specified in the Water Environment Federation Manual of Practice #11, 1996; California State University—Sacramento (CSUS) Operation of Wastewater Treatment Plants, Volgume I, 4th edition, 1998; CSUS Operation of Wastewater Treatment Plants, Volgume II, 4th edition, 1998; CSUS Advanced Waste Treatment, 3rd edition, 1998; and 567—Chapters 60 through 634, 67, and 83, Iowa Administrative Code.
- (2) Water treatment or distribution operator duties. Examples of a-water treatment or distribution system operator's duties are specified in the American Water Works Association (AWWA) Manuals of Water Supply Practice (Volumes 1, 3-7, 9, 11-12, 14, 17, 19-38, 41-42, 44-48); AWWA Water Supply Operations Series, 2nd edition: Vol. 1, 1995; Vol. 2, 1995; Vol. 3, 1996; Vol. 4, 1995; and Vol. 5, 1995; AWWA Water Distribution Operator Handbook, 2nd edition, 1976; and California State University—Sacramento (CSUS) Water Treatment Plant Operation, Vol.ume I, 4th edition, 1999; CSUS Water Treatment Plant Operation, Vol.ume II, 3rd edition, 1998; CSUS Small Water System Operation and Maintenance, 4th edition, 1999; CSUS Water Distribution System Operation and Maintenance, 4th edition, 2000; and 567—Chapters 40 through 43 and 83, loware Administrative Code.
- b. Failure to submit required records of operation or other reports required under applicable permits or rules of the department rules, including failure to submit complete records or reports.
- c. Knowingly making any false statement, representation, or certification on any application, record, report or document required to be maintained or submitted under any applicable permit or <u>department</u> rule—of the <u>department</u>.
 - d. Fraud in procuring a license.
 - c. Professional incompetence.
- f. Knowingly making misleading, deceptive, untrue or fraudulent representations in the practice of the licensee's profession or engaging in unethical conduct or practice harmful or detrimental to the public. Proof of actual injury need not be established.
 - g. Habitual intoxication or addiction to the use of drugs.
- h. Conviction of criminal offenses directly related to the profession or occupation of the operator, consistent with Iowa Code sections 272C.1(8) and 272C.10(5).
 - i. Fraud in representations as to skill or ability.
 - Use of untruthful or improbable statements in advertisements.
 - k. Willful or repeated violations of the provisions of Iowa Code chapter 272C or 455B, division III.
- 81.127(2) Disciplinary sanctions. Disciplinary sanctions may include those specified in lowa Code section 272C.3(2) and the following:
- a. <u>Certificate r</u>Revocation-of a certificate. Revocation may be permanent without chance of recertification or for a specified period of time.
- b. Partial revocation or suspension. Revocation or suspension of the practice of a particular aspect of the operation of a plant or distribution system, including the restriction of operation to a particular plant or distribution system, or a particular classificationtype of plant or distribution system.
 - c. Probation. Probation under specified conditions relevant to the specific grounds for disciplinary action.
 - d. Additional education, training, and examination requirements. Additional education, training, orand

Commented [65]: "Upon affidavit approval..." - Existing text; moved from earlier in this subrule.

Commented [66]: Old 81.17(1)"d" to "k" - Not needed, as these are verbatim from Iowa Code 455B.219, which is already referenced in the opening paragraph.

reexamination may be required as a condition of certificate reinstatement.

e. Penalties. Civil penalties not to exceed \$1,000 may be assessed for the reasons causes identified in 81.127(1).

81.127(3) Procedure.

a. General. All disciplinary action taken under this rule shall comply with the procedures of rule 561–7.19(17A,455A) and all other applicable rules governing contested cases. *Initiation of disciplinary action*. The department staff shall initiate a disciplinary action by conducting such lawful investigation as is necessary to establish a legal and factual basis for action. The administrator of the environmental protection commission or designee shall make a decision as to any disciplinary action based on the department staff recommendations. Except as specified by this subrule, the disciplinary action shall be initiated by a notice of intended action in accordance with rule 561—7.16(17A,455A). At any time, the licensee and the department may enter into a settlement agreement, subject to approval by the director, which provides for a disciplinary sanction.

b. Request for hearing. A licensee shall be deemed to have waived any right to a contested case hearing unless the licensee appeals the action and requests a hearing within 30 days of receipt of the notice of intended action. If a timely appeal is filed, further contested case procedures shall apply in accordance with 561—Chapter 2.

be. Appeal and review of proposed decision. After a contested case hearing conducted in accordance with rule 561—Chapter 7.14(17A,455A), the director shall review the presiding officer's proposed decision issued in accordance with 561—subrule 7.15(3). The proposed decision shall constitute a final decision of the director and the department_ruless the licensee or the director and department appeal the proposed decision to the environmental protection commission within 30 days of receipt as provided in 561—subrule 7.15(5).

d. Effective date of suspension or revocation. Notwithstanding any contrary interpretation in 561—subrule 7.16(7), suspension, revocation or other disciplinary action shall be effective 30 days after receipt of the notice of intended action if the licensee fails to file a timely appeal and request for hearing. If a contested case hearing is timely requested, the disciplinary action is effective as specified in the presiding officer's proposed decision unless the licensee obtains a stay of the action in accordance with 561—subrule 7.15(7) pending a timely appeal to the environmental protection commission.

ce. Emergency disciplinary action. The director may initiate an emergency suspension or other disciplinary action upon such grounds and following thethose procedures—as provided in rule 561—subrule7.16(6)18(17A,455A). The terms of the emergency order shall be effective upon service as provided in rule 561—subrule7.16(7)18(17A,455A). The department shall promptly give notice of an opportunity to appeal and request a contested case hearing following the procedures as specified above.

fd. Reinstatement of revoked certificates. Upon revocation of a certificate in accordance with the authority provided in Iowa Code section 455B.219 and chapter 272C, application for certification may be allowed after two years from the date of revocation unless otherwise specified in accordance with-81.127(2). Any such applicant shallmust meet all education and experience eligibility requirements, pursuant to-567-81.7(455B], and passsuccessfully-complete an examination, and be certified in the same manner as a new applicant in accordance with the requirements of this chapter.

81.127(4) NProcedures for noncompliance with child support order—procedures. Upon receipt of a certification of noncompliance with a child support obligation as provided in Iowa Code section 252J.7, the department will initiate procedures to deny an application for operator certification or renewal, or to suspend a certification in accordance with Iowa Code section 252J.8(4). The department shall issue to the person by restricted—certified mail a notice of its intent to deny or suspend operator certification based on receipt of a certificate of noncompliance. The suspension or denial shall be effective 30 days after receipt of the notice unless the person provides the department with a withdrawal of the certificate of noncompliance from the child support recovery unit as provided in Iowa Code section 252J.8(4) "c." Pursuant to Iowa Code section 252J.8(4), the person does not have a right to a hearing before the department to contest the denial or suspension action under this subrule but may seek a hearing in district court in accordance with Iowa Code section 252J.9.

[ARC 5976C. IAB 10/20/21, effective 11/24/21]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code sections 455B.211 to 455B.224 and chapter 272C.

ad June 10, 1966; amended August 31, 1971, December 17, 1973, July 1, 1975]
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[Filed emergency 7/27/78 — published 8/23/78, effective 7/27/78]
[Filed 10/13/78, Notice 5/31/78 — published 11/1/78, effective 12/6/78]
[Filed 1/20/82, Notice 7/22/81 — published 2/17/82, effective 3/24/82]
[Filed emergency 6/3/83 — published 6/22/83, effective 7/1/83]

Commented [67]: New 81.12(3)"a" & "b" - Text in old 81.17(3)"a" to "d" has been condensed and replaced with updated references to 561 - Chapter 7.

IAC 2/9/22

Environmental Protection[567]

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Tracked Changes Version

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